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2	PLANNING BOARD FOR THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE
3	TOWN GOWN REPORT
4	Tuesday, February 1, 2011
5	7: 00 p. m.
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7	Central Square Senior Center
8	806 Massachusetts Avenue Cambri dge, Massachusetts
9	Urah Drocell Chaire
10	Hugh Russell, Chair Thomas Anninger, Vice Chair William Tibbs Mombor
11	William Tibbs, Member Pamela Winters, Member
12	H. Theodore Cohen, Member Ahmed Nur, Associate Member Charles Studen Associate Member
13	Charles Studen, Associate Member
14	Susan Glazer, Acting Assistant City Manager for Community Development
15	Community Development Staff:
16	Li za Paden
17	
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Sitting Members: Hugh Russell, William
3	Tibbs, Pamela Winters, H. Theodore Cohen,
4	Charles Studen, Ahmed Nur.)
5	HUGH RUSSELL: Good evening. This
6	is the meeting of the Cambridge Planning
7	Board. The main item on our agenda is the
8	Town Gown reports. So, we will start, as we
9	always start, with the Board of Zoning Appeal
10	cases that will be heard by the Board this
11	week or next week perhaps.
12	LIZA PADEN: February 10th. These
13	are the cases for February 10th.
14	HUGH RUSSELL: Anything that you
15	want to bring to our attention?
16	LI ZA PADEN: No.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Any questions from
18	the Board?
19	(No Response.)
20	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, the second item
21	on our agenda is an update by Susan Glazer.

SUSAN GLAZER: Good evening. Thank you, Hugh. Just in terms of schedule, next month our hearings are on March 1st and March 15th. We haven't solidified the March 1st agenda, but most likely we will have under general business the Lesley ALB Building and the Faces site on Concord Turnpike.

And then the meetings in April will be April 5th. And rather than -- we'll have to see what the schedule is going to be for the rest of April.

I just want to make two announcements.

First of all, my apologies in that we were supposed to have mics for everyone up here but somehow or other they didn't materialize.

So we will do our best with the one mic for everyone. And the second thing, and more importantly for you, there is a snow emergency that goes into effect at eight o'clock tonight on major streets in Cambridge, including Mass. Avenue. So if

1	you're parked out there, I would suggest that
2	you move your car right now. So give you
3	fai r warni ng.
4	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you, Susan.
5	Liza, do we have any meeting transcript
6	reports to review?
7	LIZA PADEN: Yes. I've reviewed the
8	transcripts for December 21st, January 4th,
9	December 7th, and November 16th was already
10	done. So I've reviewed those. And that will
11	bring us up to date on the ones we have and
12	they were all accurate.
13	HUGH RUSSELL: Is there a motion to
14	approve these minutes based on Liza's
15	comments?
16	CHARLES STUDEN: So moved.
17	HUGH RUSSELL: Second?
18	H. THEODORE COHEN: Second.
19	HUGH RUSSELL: Di scussi on?
20	All those in favor?
21	(Show of hands.)

1 HUGH RUSSELL: All members voting in 2 favor. * * * * * * 3 4 (Sitting Members: Hugh Russell, Thomas 5 Anninger, William Tibbs, Pamela Winters, H. 6 Theodore Cohen, Charles Studen, Ahmed Nur.) 7 HUGH RUSSELL: That brings us to the 8 Town Gown reports. We'll be hearing 9 presentations from MIT, Lesley and Harvard 10 University in that order. We rotate the 11 order so each institution has a chance to be 12 first every three years. After the 13 presentations we will ask if there's any 14 comment by the public. If there are 15 questions by members of the board, probably 16 because there's one microphone, we can write 17 them down and we'll do them all at the end. 18 So, I will hand the mic to a 19 representative from MIT whoever that may be. 20 Good evening. TERRY STONE: It's a 21 pleasure to be here. We seem to be a pretty

good predictor of weather. You don't have to watch television. If we have a Planning Board meeting, there's going to be a blizzard. It seems to happen at least every other year. So, it's great to be here and thank you for being here, Members of the Planning Board and citizens and residents of Cambridge.

I'm Terry Stone. I'm the Executive
Vice President and Treasurer of MIT. Joining
me for the presentation will be Dick Amster
our director of facilities construction
planning and engineering. And Steve Marsh
who is the managing director of real estate
in our MIT investment management company.
And many other folks from our staff are here
tonight to answer any questions which may
arise.

I'm going to highlight two important initiatives that speak to the partnership between MIT and the City of Cambridge. And

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namely the MIT Centennial which is the tongue twister that means 150th Anniversary which we kicked off the celebration of, and greeting MI T. Dick's going to talk about the most recently completed academic projects and those that are about to begin construction. And Steve Marsh is going to cover the (inaudible) in the MIT investment realm focusing on partners made since the Town Gown report was made in December. And then we're going to give you an overview of the campus. Changes that have undergone in recent years, and those that are in progress, a little bit of a tour of the campus to wrap it up at the end.

So just to talk a little bit about MIT 150. MIT's founder was William Barton Rogers. He was a Southerner who came north to pursue his dream of a new kind of technical education because he found warm reception and culture of New England. On

April 10, 1861 -- remember that April 10th date, the Governor of Massachusetts signed MIT's charter and fulfilled Rogers' dream to create this unique and innovative educational institution. MIT is 150 days of exploring MIT's revolutionary contributions, celebrating what we are calling MIT's inventional wisdom. So you'll see the banners at our front door on Mass. Ave. that say Inventional Wisdom and that's kind of the theme of the 150 days. And imagine the frontiers we should set our sites on next.

William Barton Rogers designed MIT as a powerful mechanism for discovering innovation. By teaching science and engineering with hands-on activities, Rogers helped American design its future as an industrial powerhouse. By founding his newest suit on the vibrant interplay of exploration and creativity, he also gave the world compelling model of innovation machine.

Rogers set out to accelerate and magnify

America's industrial progress by making
science more useful, and the useful arts more
scientific. In building MIT he was
performing constituent conscious act of
service. Through the institute he created
over the passed 150 years, the people of MIT
have found countless ways to serve the
community, nation and the world.

For tonight's purposes we would like to recall a key milestone almost exactly 100 years ago in history of MIT in Cambridge.

And what you have up here, and on the slides is a text from the letter from Cambridge

Mayor William F. Brooks to the MIT President

Richard Maclaurin dated February 24, 1911.

And what it says is: "I should welcome the Institute of Technology and trust it will decide to cross the river, and make Cambridge its permanent home. Such an institution is to my mind a blessing and not a burden upon

the community." William F. Brooks, Mayor of Cambridge, February 24, 1911.

So we were founded 150 years ago, and you probably know there was a campus a couple buildings in the Back Bay right near where the old Louisa Boston and Copley Square are. But, you know, in 1911 we moved here to Cambridge. Prior events open to the public as part of the MIT 150 celebration, all can be found on the MIT 150 website, but more information will be coming to you directly.

I'm just going to give you a little bit of a sense of the offerings. And these offerings are all designed to celebrate what we're doing to give people information and participation. They're all open to the community, we're a very open campus. And this whole program is open to anybody who would like to participate.

Symposia (inaudible) on topics ranging from economics to cancer, space exploration,

artificial intelligence. The first of these was last Thursday, Friday with a really star studded Nobel studied economics panel and financial economics panel Thursday and Friday. It was really a pretty amazing event for those who got to do it. It's been archived. It's on our website if you care to look at it, it's worthy of a look.

The MIT Museum has opened its MIT 150 exhibition. So you know our MIT Museum down on Mass. Ave. It's our most expansive exhibition yet. It has 150 objects which represent MIT. Many never seen before. I think you would say (inaudible) some of them are funny as things are sometimes at MIT and sometimes they're pretty amazingly moving in terms of what's happened with the work that's gone on at MIT.

In particular we love to invite everybody to join us on campus for April 30th which is going to be the big open house

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associated with this. It's an opportunity for the neighbors to explore the global community, explore our labs and our offices.

And that's also been designed to coincide with the beginning of the Cambridge Science Festival. So, it should really be a terrific set of events.

This MIT 150th arts symposia exhibition it's a pretty rich offering. MIT continues its efforts to walk the talk. And I'm talking now about the greening part. A more sustainable campus. This year the greening MIT campaign is to make very good strides. A section of our Town Gown reports are pointing to these efforts, and I'm going to share a few highlights and (inaudible). We're committed to being leaders in sustainability in environmental stewardship in all aspects of our facilities, corporations and activities in a manner that enhances the institute's core education and research

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We work to continually advance i ni ti ati ve. this mission through broad participation of our faculty, students, staff and the wider Cambridge community. Our efforts to embrace sustainability in all we do have been enriched by our many collaborations for the city in this area, including serving on the city's climate protection action committee. Green buildings, zoning task force, client congress, Cambridge recycling advisory committee, the Cambridge bicycle and pedestrian committees and advising them to the school committee on issues of sustainable design to name just a few.

MIT's first of its kind energy-efficiency program with NStar which would have dealt efficiencies forward, has successfully completed its first year by surpassing over 30 percent its 2010 goal of saving 10 million kilowatt hours, saving over 13 million kilowatt hours.

MIT hosted an all day energy efficiency forum on January 11th attended by over 100 local administration fans of facility's leaders to advance the city and state ambitious energy efficiency goals. This forum was designed to share our experience and broach on energy efficiency with community and learn from other successful programs to support a vibrant local energy efficiency economy. Cambridge's mayor, vice mayor, council members, city and deputy city manager and community development staff attended.

The greening MIT campaign asks all members of our campus community to put their thoughts and actions to work for the goals of sustainability. These are the kinds of posters that are on the slide part of the education campaign to support at least our faculty, staff, students and visitors to make an impact.

We've upgraded on the transportation front our campus shuttles to utilize the cleanest diesel technologies commercially available. And also we now use renewable bio-diesel blended fuel. These two developments significantly reduce local air pollutants in Cambridge that are associated with asthma and other respiratory ailments.

MIT's single occupancy vehicle rate has dropped from 25.8 percent in 2002 to 19.8 percent. I have to say that's a pretty impressive number at least in my account.

MIT was awarded the 2010 Go Green award from the city that's affected transportation demand management programs, many of which focused on approving bicycling use this year.

So that's MIT 150. That's greening MIT. And Dick Amster our director of campus planning engineering construction will now take the mic to talk about the academic projects which have been finished and which

are in the planning phase.

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These two buildings are the conclusion

Thank you, Terry. DICK AMSTER: Thanks for having us again. Nice to see you all. This is my third time here, so I came in November of 2007. And 2010 marks a milestone for MIT, and it's not only about the 150th birthday party. We finished in 2010 our most recent major capital expansion Roughly almost a million square program. feet of new buildings, roads, Vassar Street and East Campus roads were either rebuilt or I guess we use the word beautify for Vassar Lots of sidewalks. We planted 500 Street. trees in these four years. So it's a milestone that we're very happy that we achi eved. I'm very happy that we achi eved. What I'll do is talk about in a similar fashi on to what you've seen before what we finished in 2010 and then what we're doing right now.

of that major capital program. So we've reported to you in the past about the grad dorm on Albany and Pacific and the media lab expansion.

The Sloan School of Management here on the left and the Koch Institute on the right. Sloan is between Main Street and Memorial Drive on the East Campus. Probably the closest building to the Longfellow Bridge. Koch Institute is across the street from Broad on Main Street between Vassar and Ames. These two buildings represent the most energy-efficient buildings of their type on our campus.

Sloan occupied in the summer. It's 217,000 square feet. There's a 430 car parking garage beneath it. And so since it occupied in the summer, we've had some experience with the energy usage. And as an office building, classroom building and it's operating at about 45 percent less energy

usage than similar buildings of this type on our campus. We have retained the services of an independent cost consultant to actually look at our actual costs. Many times you'll hear people say well, there might be a premium of X to put in energy efficiency. We're going to actually study the cost and we'll be able to say we spent X for energy efficiency and here's the savings that it generated. So we are going to, true to MIT fashion, get some data and measure it and check it and double check it. So, that's what we're going to do on Sloan.

(Inaudi ble) just occupied probably right before Christmas. It was fully functional. It is expected to be a similar story in terms of energy uses. We are of course -- we know it's the most energy-efficient laboratory building. It's 360,000 square feet. 27 engineering and bio or science labs. And people are in there to

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cure cancer, and the building is functioning the way it's supposed to function so we're very happy about that.

These were the last two pieces of the These are the last two capital program. pieces that we finished. So on the left is what we call the North Court with the two corners, the Vassar corner and the Ames corner, and the site work in front of the building we developed about 178,000 square feet of site work. That's more than four acres. It is really a welcoming green space when you come off the main street, and a welcoming place in between the Stata building, the biology building and the Koch building. Our project manager says that Killian Court's our formal living room, and this is our family room. And we're very happy about this. There are benches and there will be tables there, and we think this is a place that the community will use. And

we couldn't not show you a picture of our chiller planned expansion which is the slide on the right. This is taken from Albany Street. That is a new building that bridges the railroad tracks, always popular words in my vocabulary, a building over the railroad tracks. And there's two new 2500 ton electric chillers, cooling towers, a common sumps. And what this really represents is that we can service our facility, our campus, with the addition of these chillers.

So what we're working on now. I'll go from right to top to bottom. So you've heard us talk about W1 before. It's now called Fariborz Masseeh Hall. It's at the corner of Mass. Avenue and Memorial Drive. It's 186,000 square feet. There will end up being 460 plus undergraduate beds, and somewhere between 20 and 25 what I call grownup beds. So the house couple, graduate resident tutors, and other visiting faculty members

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will live in that facility. There will be a very nice dining hall on the first floor, and kitchen. And this will open in September and students are applying now to live there. And the city has already recognized the building envelope restoration with an award for us. So, this project is going very well.

There's a circle in the slide on the top on the left. That is the 29,000 square foot Arthur D. Little building. So it is our first building on Memorial Drive as you come over the Longfellow Bridge. It is the home of consulting eng -- management consulting. It is a landmarked building. It's got a little plaque on it, so it's a historic building. So we are renovating that for the Deans and support staff of the Sloan School of Management. It -- it is connected to SI oan. And in fact, that building through the new Sloan building and into E-52 are all So we can walk around the interconnected.

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East Campus on the inside, especially on a day like this.

And the bottom left, the other piece that we're working on is Boiler 9. Boiler 9 is replacing Boiler 8. Some people laugh. I'm glad you did. Boiler 8 was installed five years ago as a temporary boiler. And to modify it to today's emission standards, would have been a significant undertaking. So we made the decision to replace the temporary boiler with a new modern boiler. It will be 100,000 pounds per hour of steam generation. And we use steam not only for heat, but for research. And so when Boiler 9 is completed, we will be able next winter to then accommodate all of our steam needs as

So, I'll turn it over to Steve. And Steve is I think the titles managing director. Right, Steve?

STEVE MARSH: That's right.

1 DICK AMSTER: Managing director of 2 our investment company for real estate. 3 STEVE MARSH: Thank, Dick. 4 Tonight we just want to provide a quick 5 It's a briefing on some current update. 6 issues on the investment side. Basi cal I y 7 these fall into two categories: 8 The first categories we're trying to 9 continually support the innovation cluster in 10 Cambridge. And we think this is critically 11 important to advancing knowledge in the 12 district here and also contributing to 13 economic growth and jobs creations. 14 And the second theme that we're 15 pursuing is improvement with vibrancy of our 16 So, we'll go main streets and avenues. 17 through a few of these. Next slide. 18 Let me start with 640 Memorial Drive. 19 Here we have undertaken a complete renovation 20 of this 225,000 square foot historic building 21 into Class A Laboratories. This was the

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former space for Millennium Park. So it's basically it's an office space and some laboratory. We've converted this into a first class lab. And in 2010, just several months ago, we executed a lease with Sanofi-aventis for approximately half of this building where they are planning to locate their worldwide oncology headquarters here in Cambridge which would make this a pretty exciting initiative to bring to our Cambridge innovation cluster. So just that addition alone will bring reportedly 300 new jobs to We're expecting to this have Cambri dge. complete for Sanofi by the fall of 2011.

281 Albany Street is an example sort of down the other end. This is down the intersection of Waverly and Erie Street. But here we've completed a renovation of an obsolete facility into a 30,000 square foot Class A laboratory for a really start-up and emerging life sciences firm. So this is --

We're happy to announce that we executed a lease with Aileron Therapeutics which is really an emerging, growing life science company in Cambridge. In this project Head A is up and complete and occupied. They're up in the space. And the inside -- the outside of the building was recharged to some punch windows and things that had been boarded up over time, used for some of the other activity that was done in the space. And today's laboratory is quite impressive on the inside. They're up and running.

Let me just flip to two initiatives that are situations where we are recording the innovation cluster and the creation of street front retail in an indirect manner.

And that's by making MIT land available to the development efforts to some others.

So, let me start in the first instance, we have leased 177 Mass. Ave. which is the former Analog Devices site, to Novartis for

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the development of a new research headquarters building. And here our agreement calls for a creation of street front retail along Mass. Avenue.

In the second instance along the 300 block of Mass. Ave. across the street from the Analog Devices site which I referred to, we've agreed to contribute some land that MIT owns to an initiative led by Forest City for a new development venture. Whereby Forest City will combine the land that they control with some of the alternate parcels that MIT owns to create a development effort here again led by Forest City. So here, too, our expectation is that we'll be creating street front retail along Mass. Ave. and you no doubt will be hearing much more detail on both of these initiatives directly from Novartis and Forest City as they sponsor over these sites.

Let me just flip on to a couple leasing

updates along sort of Mass. Ave. and Main Street here. I'm going to start with 450 Mass. Avenue which is where the Central Square Theatre is located.

We've recently executed a lease with Veggie Galaxy for a portion of the frontage there. And this will be for a restaurant featuring vegetarian and vegan food in a traditional dining setting.

And then immediately next-door we have executed a letter of intent, so it's not a final lease at this time, but we're making progress on that with Moksa. And this is for a restaurant and a lounge featuring Asian foot, music. And we're planning an outdoor seating along Mass. Ave.

Flipping next-door to 424 Mass. Ave. we recently signed a lease with Cambridge

Community Television to relocate their studio and office space. And we actually had the studio on the first floor. And we've signed

a letter of intent to help Economy Hardware. We configured their space into a newly renovated store to help better meet their business needs. So, they will be located along Mass. Avenue as well.

If I draw your attention to One
Broadway on the other end of our campus, we
recently executed a lease for a new
restaurant and bar called Firebrand Saints.
This is run by Gary Strack (phonetic) of
Central Kitchen. And here we'll have
seasonal outdoor seating along the retail
area which is below the garage that's on the
intersection of Broadway and Main Street.

In addition, immediately next-door to that, we're -- we have a pizza place today. We've signed a letter of intent for a Venture Cafe which will be a cafe designed to foster collaboration within the Kendall community. So, we're hopeful that that will proceed to the final lease agreement and that we will be

announcing more details around that soon.

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And lastly, I'm going to touch upon Kendal I Square initiative. And although we've shared our preliminary thoughts with the Board twice this year already on this, I did just want to mention again, and emphasize our desire here is to create a destination gathering place in Kendall Square and try to bring those lifestyle amenities and services that are much needed to the square. So, in that addition we're hopeful, you know, again to create a vibrant gateway that's going to connect the institute, the community and the business community. And we're obviously looking to continue to foster the innovation cluster here in making sure that there's space for both innovative, academic enterprises and new commercial enterprises to locate in the Kendall Square area. look forward to more discussions about Kendall in the near future.

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So, I'll pass this back on to Terry for narration.

3 TERRY STONE: There's -- I think as 4 you can tell from this, there's a lot going 5 There has been a lot going on the last on. 6 few years. So, what we've tried to do for 7 our own purposes is try to put it all 8 together visually and we have something that 9 we'll kind of fly through. We use this 10 ourselves, and we just remind ourselves and 11 our board and our alumni about all that's 12 going on and we thought we would -- you would 13 enjoy the tour. So I will just quickly 14 narrate and Adam will zoom us in from outer 15 space to Cambridge, Massachusetts. And I'll 16 just mention, you've heard about all these 17 things. I'll just mention them as we fly 18 through.

I'll do the beginning. We will start, as we come in from outer space down into Cambridge, we're gonna start at the

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Sanofi-aventis building that Steve talked about. The 640 Memorial Drive renovation right at the foot of the B.U. Bridge, and move down along Memorial Drive and then back through the triangle. That's the world.

Okay. So zeroing in across the Mass.

Avenue bridge. As some people know it as the Harvard Bridge.

That's the building that is being renovated by MITIMCo for the Sanofi-aventis oncology headquarters. A couple years ago we bought and renovated a research development and alumni association for the building at 600.

I think you know about the Simmons
Hall, the undergraduate dorm that was done in
the previous building campaign. But all the
Vassar Street improvements have taken place
since then with trees and the like.

We redid a turf field at Roberts Field and changed the entrance with the

Steinbrenner Stadium.

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We have in mind to do some renovations of some of these dormitories along Memorial Drive. That's in our thought process, but nothing happening there.

This is the complete renovation for the Fariborz Maseeh Hall. It will be open next fall. It's the oldest building on campus.

Killian Court. You know our famous
Killian Court. We hope to do some
renovations in the main route which will be
celebrating its 100th anniversary.

We have in mind to do a renovation along Memorial for the theatre arts. There are certain planning issues with our own internal planning to take place with fundraising.

We opened a media lab complex, which if you haven't visited, you must visit. It's an amazing building.

E52 used to be the Sloan School. It's

still the home of our renowned economics department, and we're hoping to be able to renovate that as the last piece of this East Campus innovation. The new Sloan School and the renovation there E60, the Arthur D. Little building, which will be open in the fall of this coming -- of this year.

Then Steve talked about some of the things that going on at One Broadway, including the Venture Cafe and the improvements to that building for the innovation cluster.

In Kendall Square we have the planning going on for development there by E17, 18, 19 are the buildings, the old candy factories that the cancer center used to be housed in. With their movement now to the new cancer center, that will be upgraded.

The Broad Institute you all know. A building that was done in the previous building campaign.

The new North Court behind the new cancer center, which I think is a great amenity that you should come and enjoy.

Osborn Triangle which is one of our planning triangles, which is the next one out. We're trying to see what would be the right thing to do with that.

That's the Novartis site, as -- that's the parking lot, excuse me, which has been permitted.

The 300 block of Mass. Ave. is the Forest City joint venture that Steve related. Going through the planning process. And then you're going down the site that Novartis has its plans to do its worldwide research headquarters.

And then, the site on both sides of the railroad tracks, parking lots, the kiosk where we plan to have an energy environment building at a time in the future. And then our home base at 77 Mass. Ave. where you'll

1 see the big banners celebrating MIT's 2 inventional wisdom 150. 3 So that's what's going on. A lot going 4 It's been completed and planning or in on. 5 the idea stage and we're really pleased with 6 all the improvements that have been able to 7 take place. So that's it. Thank you. 8 9 * * * * * * 10 HUGH RUSSELL: Okay, thank you very 11 Next we'll ask Lesley University to much. 12 They'll probably need a minute or present. 13 two to switch over. 14 I'm Joe Moore the JOE MOORE: 15 president of Lesley and I'm joined by my 16 colleagues Marylou Batt, our vice president 17 of administration back there. George Smith, 18 and Bill Duncaster (phonetic) who is 19 assisting me. I'm Joe Moore, I'm the president of 20 21 Lesley and I'll give a guick overview and

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then I'll turn over some of the details to Marylou Batt.

Just one announcement, while we're meeting here, the School Board is meeting this evening as well. And the Superintendent Jeff Young is making an announcement that we are entering into a new partnership with one of the elementary schools in Cambridge, the Kennedy Longfellow School. We have received a \$2 million grant to test out the theory of whether digital technology in the hands of children, with teacher's trained to use it, can enhance student outcomes in a diverse school with below the norm student learning outcomes, at least as measured by the MCAS So we're looking for a particular scores. school to see what we could learn through the application of digital technology in the hands of the children and having a student-centered curriculum, and the faculty there voted earlier in the year that they

wanted to pursue it. We decided we wouldn't go with the school unless the faculty actually voted that they wanted to work with us. It's going to be a three-and-a-half year project starting this spring semester for us and then go for three years. So, there will be more news on that in the coming week or so. But Dr. Young's making that announcement at the School Board tonight. So, we're thrilled with the opportunity there to collaborate there with our colleagues in that school.

On to our planning. Yeah, Bill will have it up in a second. I'm going to give an overview. Many of you know we've got three locations in Cambridge. We'll give a quick overview of those. We'll give you the update on our enrollment numbers, our strategic planning, and then Marylou will take you through the specifics. Some of which you are quite familiar with in terms of our plans.

But hopefully this will give you the overview that you need.

I can give you the enrollment while we're waiting. So our head count is in the ballpark -- unduplicated head count during the year of about 9,000 students. We're about 6500 graduate students, about 2500 undergraduate students. About 5,000 of the 9,000 actually attend classes in Cambridge and Boston. When we say "Boston," obviously we're referring to the Art Institute of Boston over at Kenmore Square which we hope to be moving in a couple of years.

The other 4,000 students or graduate students that we serve in 23 other states:

California, Washington, Georgia, South

Carolina, where we actually send our faculty there and also hire local adjuncts in those areas. So, a little over 40 percent of our enrollment does not show up on our Cambridge or Boston campus, which I think many of you

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are familiar with. We're between 550 and 600 employees. That number has not changed over the last few years. It's fairly steady.

We began a strategic planning process during my first year here. This is my fourth So three years ago we began a year. strategic planning process that gave us a strategic plan for three years. We've just begun a process of starting a new strategic planning process which we're going to do in cal endar year 2011. We believe that the facilities that we have and we required over the last three years was sufficient to support less strategic plan. But the mission remains the same, active learning research, artistic and cultural inquiry and close mentoring relationships. The four core values remain the same: Democracy, inquiry, equity, and an emphasis on community. you know our programs, that's a major focus for us because of the internships and our

connections to communities of practice regardless of what program whether it's the undergraduate, graduate, doctoral level. One of the really ideal opportunities for us in education in Cambridge is the plethora of internship and community of practice opportunities that our students have.

Go to the next one, Bill. The plan, the issues of community and sustainability become significant to us. Obviously with the enhancements that we've made to our facilities, our partnership with the Episcopal Divinity School, the new residence hall on Mass. Ave. and now plans for the Art Institute in Boston. All of those circle around these two issues of community and sustainability.

The topics that we address over the next year will be what academic programs do we phase out, do we modify, do we add? How do we exploit technology to deepen student

learning and access to learning as well as obviously for communication purposes? What are plans in terms of student and residential life? We don't plan on any significant change to that, so that on the undergraduate level most of our growth will be in greater service, I believe, to students in this region as part also of our diversity plan.

Administrative and campus support. As I said, we believe we've got the facilities that supports us for the foreseeable future especially with the addition of the art institute, the arts -- the whole arts project at Porter Square. And finally, as I mentioned, building renewal and sustainability. And many of you are quite familiar with the partnership that we have with the Episcopal Divinity School. We now have seven and a half building, the half being the library that we share there.

There's a lot of deferred major maintenance,

so that's going to be a significant project for us over the coming years.

I'm going to pause there and turn it

Thank you very much.

over to Marylou Batt who will take you

through some of the details.

MARYLOU BATT:

I'm happy to be back and talk about a couple

of other projects besides the art school that

we talked about a couple weeks ago.

thought we'd make a few additions.

As we -- one of the things that we want to just give you a sense of is we figured out a way to construct with local renewable building materials with zero emissions, utilizing existing campus footprint and with not needing any building permits. We had a little time on our hands today. So, we

Anyhow, we're here to talk about the three node campus that we have. Obviously Porter campus, the quad campus which has now been renamed the Doble campus, but we seemed

to have missed that today, and the Brattle campus. We're going to focus first on the whole issue around our shuttles. We do run two busses and one van service. The busses run until ten o'clock, and the van runs until midnight. Once we actually move out of the Kenmore Square building, we will be doing away with the busses and only running a van service between the three campuses. So, we expect to reduce the emissions for that.

This past year we've spent a fair amount of time doing a new campus signage and way finding, trying to unify the signage across the campus and trying to pull together the various architectural styles of the three campuses and trying to ease the navigation.

And also we worked very closely with the Cambridge Historical Commission and the BZA and Community Development in terms of all of these, the signage since we had lots of different places

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where it needed to go. But we think we've reached a point that we have a very good outcome and we're very pleased with what we have.

We're going to focus first on the Brattle campus. As Doctor Moore said, we have recently finished the last acquisition, the third phase of the EDS purchase. Wi th that we were able -- we bought two additional Kidder House and Rousmaniere. bui I di ngs. We are in the process or we just completed renovations on the Kidder House this past The entire heating system of the summer. Brattle campus needs to be replaced. We're doing that in a two phase operation. Fi rst with having completed Sherrill and Washburn and EDS, completed Wright, and the Chapel, those were the four first buildings. And we will then complete the other buildings this coming summer, putting in high-efficiency boilers and really being able to reduce all

of the heating loads for those buildings.

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In addition to that we did some renovations in Kidder to create 26 suite-style resident hall, and we're now in Washburn Hall using the Brattle Cafe for extended service, breakfast, lunch and dinner for our students and for any Episcopal Divinity School students.

coming up this summer and the spring actually. We're going to be starting work -- the Sherrill Plaza is also crumbling.

There's a number of things crumbling over there. So we're going to be replacing the plaza. We've been working very carefully trying to enhance the landscaping, and making sure that we really create a much more accessible ADA compliant area creating a gathering place for people to be able to come and sit and to either share academically or socially. We are looking at starting this -- we looked at trying to do it at the end of

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last summer and in the beginning of the fall.

But it just decided we're going to make too

much noise for the students. So we're

actually starting the day after commencement

and we'll be done in early July.

This spring we're going to be starting work on 101 Brattle, which is the oldest building that Lesley owns now. And we have been working very closely with the Cambridge Historic Commission as well as all of the requirements for ADA to make sure that we can renovate this building in a way that is both historically appropriate but also serves all of the needs of our alumni and advancement office which is going to be relocated there. And so there will be sufficient HVAC, upgraded electrical, and a lot of system improvements. So we're looking forward to that.

And this summer we're going to be doing some additional work on Rousmaniere which is

a building we purchased last summer. And then we still are going to be doing some ADA entrances and landscape improvements around Lawrence and Kidder.

On the Doble campus or known as the Quad Campus in the previous slides, we have recently completed work on Doble Hall which we have -- where the fitness -- where the library used to be. The library moved to Sherrill. We backfilled that with a fitness center. We then created a new ADA entrance and some additional facilities for students both in terms of an information common as well as some offices for students. We also did renovations on 9 and 11 Mellen Street, and those are now offices for resident life and the Dean of Students.

In terms of moving up the new dorms,

1663 Mass. Ave, we have actually a tenant for
that building and we're very excited about

it, but we can't tell you about it yet

because we don't have a signed lease and the tenant would prefer we don't say anything about it yet. So we will be announcing that shortly. But we're very excited. And I'm probably going to gain 20 pounds which I don't really need to do. Next slide.

In terms of Porter, we obviously spent a lot of time talking about this two weeks ago, and we'll be back to see you again in March. But the major project here is obviously the relocation of the art institute to the space.

Again, we are very pleased that all of our retail space is now at 100 percent occupancy. Bourbon Coffee will be moving in there this summer. Bourbon Coffee is a microeconomic project in Rwanda trying to create -- trying to create global demand for sustainable coffee crops to increase the livelihood of their workers there. We're very excited about it and looking forward to

having that space actually open.

Again, we talked about the art institute two weeks ago. As you know, we're in the process of seeking both the Special Permit and the Certificate of Appropriateness from the Historic Commission. And obviously the art school, all of the public uses on the ground floor with the galleries and the library and the common area outside. So we're very excited about the public/private, piece of this and how it's going to -- how it's going to work and so we're very pleased with what's happening.

I think that we've been through these slides before with you two weeks ago, so I'm going to skip -- keep moving.

Lesley has also done quite a bit in terms of sustainability. We are a member of the American College and Universities

President's Climate Commitment. And we are committed to all construction being silver or

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better. We also have an energy-efficient purchasing policy -- you can go to the next slide, Bill.

And in this past year we've seen a 39 percent increase in recycling. We have excellent statistics on the new dorm. And in one of the major buildings on the Doble campus, which is the -- which is the main complex there, we put in a new high energy, high-efficiency boiler system, and also did some electrical work and we're able to reduce our gas consumption by about 49 percent and our electrical by about 20 percent. So we're very pleased with that. And like other schools in Cambridge we've seen a dramatic increase in the number of people using bikes and are in the process of expanding the facilities for the students with bikes or faculty for that matter.

So, we appreciate being here. We're happy to answer any questions. And we went

1 through this fairly quickly, but I think 2 you've seen most of it previously. 3 So, thank you. 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you very much. 5 Next is Harvard University. 6 (A short recess was taken.) 7 8 ALEXANDRA OFFI ONG: Good evening. 9 Thank you so much for having us here tonight 10 My name is even on this snowy evening. 11 Alexandra Offiong. I'm with Harvard Capital 12 Planning and Project Management. I'm here 13 with colleagues of mine from Harvard 14 University, and we would like to give you a 15 brief update on our campus development. 16 Tonight we will touch upon the five 17 year development context, talk a little bit 18 about current projects and planning, update 19 you on our transportation and demand 20 management plans, and I will hand it over to 21 my colleague Heather Hendrickson who will go

discuss our sustainability initiatives.

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Harvard University is currently in a period of strategic investment on the Cambridge campus after a significant period of major growth as you are aware. The key drivers over these past years for investment vestment on the campus have been five fold.

The first one is really supporting the core academic mission of creating, teaching and research facilities. For example, the Center For Government and International Studi es. This is a picture of the Fung Library at CGIS which I know you are aware. And also a significant investment in science facilities both renovating our existing science facilities as well as building significant new buildings on our Cambridge And that's really to meet the new -campus. the needs of emerging areas of science such as nanotechnology, systems biology, etcetera.

Another area of investment over these

past years has been in housing our affiliates. We've created new housing on our campus which you can see on the top slide is a picture of our graduate student dorm on Cowperthwaite Street, and that was one of the buildings that allowed us to meet our goal of having capacity to having 50 percent of our graduate students on the Harvard campus. And we completed that goal in 2008.

We've also invested in our large existing housing stock through building systems, upgrades, unit renovations, making them more accessible, etcetera. As you can see here, at Holden Green which is actually partially in Cambridge and partially in Somerville.

Harvard's also been committed to improving and enhancing the campus experience. And that's through everything from greening the campus, creating new campus landscape such as at the Harvard Divinity

Quad. It's been supported of the arts and culture which took the form of the 32 Quincy Street project, which is the home of the Harvard Art Museum. That renovation which is undergoing right now. And in addition the new Hasty Pudding -- I'm sorry, the new college theatre, the old Hasty Pudding, which was a big investment into cultural facilities.

And finally, just some of the new, more experiential places on campus like the Harvard Community Garden and the tables and chairs in Harvard Yard that just add a richer environment to the campus.

We've also invested significantly into sustainability initiatives which you'll hear about more. And finally, Harvard has, has continued to invest in our infrastructure both in terms of our parking facilities and our utility infrastructure. Examples of that include at the Blackstone Station which is on

Street and Western Avenue, we consolidated university operation services there. We upgraded the steam plants there which heats most of the Cambridge campus. We've also created a -- we developed a new chilled water plants as part of the northwest science building. And all of these infrastructure upgrades have created a more efficient system that has reduced emissions, has allowed us to have a lower greenhouse gas impact, and has allowed us to supply our new growth with -- using fewer resources.

As we look at our current projects, both completed ones, ones that are currently in construction, and those that are currently in planning, they're all around the Cambridge campus as you can see. Recently we completed the renovation of two child care centers by the Divinity School in the Vanserg and Shannon buildings. Those renovations allow

-- they were -- those are two childcare centers that have been there for about 30 years and they were in great need of new floor layouts, improved playgrounds and just systems upgrades. We're pleased to say that those projects were designed to achieve a LEED gold. And they also demonstrate the university's commitment to maintaining and expanding child care on campus with our six child care centers.

The Harvard Community Garden, this -
I ast spring Harvard celebrated the opening of
the Harvard Community Garden which is Located
right in Harvard Square. It is Located on
Mount Auburn Street on the corner of Holyoke
and (inaudible). And I hope you've all had a
chance to see it. It's under snow right now,
but it was -- it's a collaborative effort
between students, faculty and staff,
including the Center For Health and Global
Environment at Harvard Medical School. And

the garden itself was designed by students at the Graduate School of Design, and it features raised planting beds for organic -- growing organic produce, accessible pathways and space for classes and events. And actually students are the ones that are responsible for the operations of this garden. Everything from maintenance and finding market opportunities. So we think it's kind of a nice addition to the campus.

Looking at projects that are currently in construction. The School of Engineering and Applied Sciences is currently renovating the engineering science lab which is located at 58 Oxford Street. And this is mostly an interior renovation that is designed to accommodate the institute for biologically inspired engineering. And it is a project that is upgrading the building systems. It's creating new and accessible entrance along Oxford Street and some new loading

facilities.

another project that's in construction right now. It's another interior renovation, and it's designed to accommodate the home of the department of stem cell and regenerative biology. It's a project that is intended to be completed this summer. And it's reconfiguring the labs to support flexible and collaborative research. And it's also going to be replacing the building's 30 year old infrastructure.

The Sherman Fairchild building is

The Harvard Law School -- what you will remember as the northwest corner building, and what we call the Wasserstein Hall and Caspersen Student Center is advancing well. As you will remember, it will provide new classroom, academic and law clinic offices and student activity space. And the project is expected to be completed later this year. In fact, the low grade portion of the

project, the garage, was completed last fall and has since opened. And in terms of the above-grade parcel of the building, that is moving ahead the exterior limestone and the roofing are substantially completed. They're working on the interior. And the project is also going to include landscape improvements along the Mass. Ave. and Everett Street edge.

Work is also progressing at 32 Quincy
Street which is the home of the Harvard Art
Museums. And this is a project that will
renovate and expand the building overall.

It's a -- sorry. The original 1927 building
will be renovated and restored with a new
addition along Prescott Street, and we're
pleased to be working with Renzo Piano
Building Workshop, and this project that will
really unite the three constituent museums of
the Harvard Art Museums which include the
Fogg, the Busch-Reisinger and the Sackler.

And it will be one state-of-the-art facility

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which will include new spaces for the exhibition study and the conservation of the museum's substantial collections. And there will also be a new public entrance along Prescott Street that embraces the neighborhood more and new museum facilities, new museum shop cafe, etcetera.

So construction began about a year ago and we -- with the selected demolition and abatement, and that phase is complete and we're pleased to say that 98 percent of our demolition debris was recycled. Right now you probably have seen that the building has been temporary braced in place until the permanent structural system is installed. And the historic interior courtyard has been clad with protective panels and that will be preserved and will be part of the new museum. So right now we're focusing the construction efforts on excavation of the west side to accommodate the new below grade space which

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will allow the museums to meet their program without adding significant height.

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And this project is expected to be completed in late 2013. So it's got a way to go. So, looking ahead for projects in

planning, the Radcliffe Institute for advanced study is right now completing the planning for the renovation of Fay House which houses many of the institute's administrative offices, and we've worked closely with the Cambridge Historical Commission to ensure that the building -that the renovation meets the institute's needs of improving functionality and improving efficiency while at the same time making sure that the historic character is al so mai ntai ned. So, this building will -there will be many exterior repairs. building will become accessible, and we will be also upgrading the systems and making life

safety improvements. And this project is expected to begin construction early this summer.

Radcliffe is also looking to implement the final phase of its landscape master plan. Previous projects associated with its master plan have been the restoration of the Sunken Garden located on the corner of Appian Way and Garden Street. As well as the landscape at Byerly Hall which is next door to Fay House.

So this final phase of implementation is -- it consists of landscape improvements to the central portion of Radcliffe Yard, and it's really to strengthen the existing tree canopy and to address issues such as drainage, soil compaction and improved way finding. So this is a project that we expect will be undertaken upon the completion of the Fay House project.

Harvard has begun the planning and

design of a test project at Old Quincy House which is -- which houses our upper classmen students to explore, design and construction options for house renewal that we hope will inform a future system-wide house renewal effort. And the size, the relatively small size and the neo Georgian architecture of Old Quincy we hope will provide valuable lessons that we can apply to other house buildings, as many of them are also neo Georgians.

We engaged the architectural firm
Kieran Timberlake which have a lot of
experience with other similar residential
facilities. And they are in the process of
designing plans and that can best accommodate
the college's program for this house within
the structure of Old Quincy while also making
sure that we preserve the culture and the
character of this house. So we'll be
planning that project this year and
anticipating going to construction in summer

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of 2012, assuming we get all the necessary funding, authorizations and internal approvals.

As Harvard coordinates often with the city on many different projects in and around Harvard Square, we right now are coordinating with the city on the repair of the Cambridge Street Tunnel which is a shared space. As you can see, it's close to our science Allston, the Allston work team is comprised of university deans, faculty and alumnae, and it is continuing its work on examining options for future development of On other fronts the the Allston campus. university is preparing to Launch the Harvard Innovation Lab or iLab as we call it which is sited in Allston. And this will bring together many of the cross-curricular interests from across Harvard schools, the business school, the school of engineering and applied sciences, many schools, in an

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effort to start to follow entrepreneurial activities. And the iLab will also provide innovation orients, programs and resources that benefit local small businesses and local entrepreneurs.

Harvard's transportation demand management programs continue to support a very low single occupancy vehicle rate. as you can see, the rate has been steadily declining since we initiated our PTDM plan in 2003 from 27.4 percent to 2010 rate was 11.3 Which means about 89 percent of our percent. Cambridge-based staff and graduate students are getting to our campus in ways other than driving alone. So walking, biking, taking the T. And we're very proud of this rate. And it's supported by our very successful commuter choice program which offers an array of services and resources and incentives that encourage people to leave their cars at home. So, some highlights from this year include we

We have

1 sold over 6500 MBTA monthly passes. 2 over 7,000 ZipCar members among our 3 affiliates, and we offer eight campus 4 locations where Zip cars are stored and 5 avai I abl e. We've introduced the Zimride 6 program which organizes carpools and even one 7 time rides for people. We have expanded our preferred parking 8 9 for low emissions vehicles and now is 10 available at all of our garages as well as 11 our large surface lots. 12 And finally, we have worked with both 13 the City of Cambridge and Boston on the 14 regional bike share initiative. 15 I am going to hand it over to Heather 16 Hendrickson, the director for the office of 17 sustainability at Harvard and she will walk 18 through sustainability. 19 HEATHER HENDRI CKSON: I'm very 20 pleased to be here for the third year in a

row and delighted to talk about Harvard's

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sustainability efforts as they truly do cut across all of our schools, all of the departments. And they're really -- everyone and all the functional administrative areas are working hard on sustainability, and we're also connecting back with the faculty and students of course.

So this is just a sort of set of highlights or an overview of some of the areas that we actually are working to reduce our environmental impacts. And I'll just name a couple. There's been quite an increase in the number of LEED projects even from a year ago with our new green buildings standards that now have been in place for about a year. I'll talk more about that in a minute.

We also reached over 100 green offices.

There's a program that we started a little over a year ago and it is engaged 1500 employees in actually going through real four

LEED program and certifying their offices and five environmental target areas and has really been terrific. They are not unlike the students, the staff has come up with incredibly innovative ideas that our office takes and shares across the university as best practices.

Another area is its waste reduction.

Not only do we have a 55 percent waste recycling rate at Harvard, which is the highest amongst the ivies. And I'd like to for next year be able to say what it is regionally here, so we'll work on that. But in addition to that, the trash number since 1990 are down even though there has been growth on campus. And the trash per capita is down 44 percent since 1990. So we're working on all of these metrics.

The other things is Harvard has, as you know, a longstanding tradition of stewardship and campus sustainability. We've had an

office for ten years almost now that started as a faculty and staff initiative, and then grew in 2008 into a university-wide office that we now have today that partners with all the schools and units.

The office for sustainability strives to aggregate all of the data across the university and share it. And for the first time ever this year we're pulling together a university-wide sustainability report that we look forward to sharing with you next year.

Our efforts are driven by three university-wide principles or commitments.

One is our sustainability principle governing how we operate the campus. This was developed in 2004. I talked about our green building standards that were created in 2007, and significantly upgraded in 2009. Now the projects -- they focus on the type of project and the scope and the environmental impact, not the cost of the program -- or the

project, but really on the impact. And that's a big difference. We also have implemented not only lifecycle costing, but also measurement and verification after these projects to make sure that they're actually achieving what they indeed set out to achieve.

The three commitments -- and the third is our greenhouse gas reduction goal which I'll talk about in a second. So those three really are the pillars that drive our focus in these three areas.

So one, creating and maintaining healthy green buildings.

No. 2 is really striving to use our campus as a living lab and connecting our research and teaching into action on campus. That's why our office works a lot with students and faculty on projects.

And then lastly, building a culture sustainability as President Faust has asked

us to all change the way that we work and live.

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So here's the greenhouse gas reduction goal to refresh your memory. It's a 30 percent reduction over ten years, including growth from 2006 baseline by 2016. We are making solid progress against it. You can see the impact in growth is quite, you know, difficult. We, I would say that the great thing about this effort is that it really gal vanized our community to work even more in a collaborative fashion. And in 2009 we basically set the foundation, had five working groups that came up with many of these groups like a revised green building standards as well as a temperature policy and a demand response strategy for the But even more so what's come out uni versi ty. of it now are beyond those sort of foundational elements, is an ongoing sustainability and energy management council

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that involves every single facilities and operations in every school. Financial deans, HR leaders, and people throughout the central administration. So we're really looking at how we continuously improve our policies, our best practices, our behavior change and our trainings for staff. And I'd say the key to our progress on this goal has really been auditing the campus, doing energy audits, and solidly implementing energy conservations measures. We'll finish about 712 by the end of this fiscal year. So by July 1st. And we've got over 1600 economically viable energy conservation measures identified that we're going to implement.

I mentioned our green buildings increasing. So we've got 88 projects at Harvard overall. 61 of those 88 are in Cambridge. 40 of them have been certified. And then we've got 48 that are obviously pursuing the accreditation. And according

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still to Rick Fedrizzi who is the head and founder of the U.S. Green Building Council, we're holding on to our most green buildings in higher education, but we know a lot of people are working on it hard.

So, I spoke briefly about Harvard's commitment to sustainability in the build environment and also using our campus as a living lab. I think this is a great example of this in action. This is a student-led project. Phillips Brooks House Association or Phillips Brooks House itself is in Harvard It's a very old building. Yard. And the students basically inspired by Cambridge I might add and your heat program, wanted to see what we could do to weatherize a project on our campus. So we gathered about 50 students and multiple people from different -- the faculty at arts of sciences, our office and many campus services and operational units to work on this project.

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And in one day in four hours, with lots of planning, we were able to save \$4,000 a year on the energy out of a 24,000 energy bill, which is pretty darn good. We also mobilized a group of students that never worked with us before. We even had the Crimson come out and write a positive story, which we were very excited about for a change. And it really was a collaborative effort. The real savings, and it was also recognized not only by the City of Cambridge, but we also got an award from the Association for the Advancement in Sustainability in Higher Ed which is sort of our trade group, and they only gave out two awards. And this one won And I really do think it goes back to it. the roots of the students being involved in our efforts.

And then quickly one other project.

You may have seen this before, but this is our candidate for thermal and heat recovery

I think the neat thing about this is system. that it's going to meet 60 percent of the domestic hot water needs in the Harvard Yard. It has a -- when people say it's not economically viable, it's a ten year payback. And, you know, it also was innovative in that -- I won't go into the details unless you would like to hear about the network of glycolic-filled pipes but I can. But it really just brought together our folks in engineering utilities, our facilities folks in the college, students also, and our office in on this project and we are really very thrilled about it. Another sort of innovative test pilot using our campus as a living lab project.

And then lastly you asked us about what we're doing to build really a culture of sustainability on campus and really change what we're working -- the way that we're working and living. So we have three core

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programs that we developed. And one annual recognition awards event that we're actually doing for the second time this year. Last year it was a big hit. We had 800 people come just to recognize their peers. We didn't have any, you know, fancy speakers. So I think it shows that people are eager to recognize their peers.

The three programs are a green office program which I talked a little bit about that four LEED certification project involving 1500 people and growing. The green teams, which again are these folks that they're about 100 green team leaders we have on campus. We get them together. In the last six months we've gotten them together every two months. And they're actually helping us put together goals and objectives for the -- themselves across the university.

And then we also have a green living program which is peer-to-peer education in

the dorms both at the college, all 12 houses and all undergraduate freshman dorms. And then also in our business school and law school. And we are working on the undergrad schools as well. And they run competitions and outreach campaigns. And they really have sizable reductions. And they've been able to attain in energy and water and waste and it's really due to a lot of the hard work on the operations staff in conjunction with the students and the creative ideas of the students.

So just to sum up, I'd say that, you know, Harvard and especially the office for sustainability looks forward to continuing to work with the City of Cambridge in a lot of different ways to, you know, try to make both our entire community sustainable.

HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you very much.

HEATHER HENDRICKSON: These are
resources additionally.

HUGH RUSSELL: We have one member of the public who signed up to speak, but also I noticed there are members of the City

Council. And, Mr. Williamson, why don't you come forward and grab the mic from me and take it over to the podium. If there are others who wish to speak and who are not signed up, you can raise your hand after Mr. Williamson speaks and I will ask the Councillors if they would like to speak.

COUNCILMAN WILLIAMSON: Thank you.

I'm wearing my Harvard hat tonight. Don't be alarmed, it's just a disguise. For those of you don't know, it was established in 1636.

I have a couple general questions which I'm sure you also are thinking about, and I see that they are actually detailed in the reports, but I would like to maybe hear a little more comment about them. The number of students, as I look at the number of students listed for MIT and for Harvard,

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there's a growth. There's a -- there seems to be a clear growth trend in the number of overall number of students, number of graduate students. I haven't had a chance to look at it really carefully enough to have kind of a first approximation of a guess as to exactly what's going on there. But the growth in the student population obviously has an affect on everything else about the impact of the universities in the city. So I would guess I would like to hear, I would think -- I think it would be useful to hear a little bit about the universities about what's going on and their anticipated future growth and student populations.

I also -- it's a little unfair to single out Lesley because of the expansion of MIT and Harvard over many years has been so enormous, but because probably they're the small newcomer in this environment, I'm struck by the repetity of the growth at

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Lesley College, and I would be curious to hear what the mission is of Lesley that's underlying, what seems to me to be a rather dramatic growth. So what is it that's seen as demanding the kind of growth that I think we're seeing.

I had a couple of specific comments. would like to hear a little more -- I came in a little late. It's not easy getting around today as I'm sure you know. I would like to hear a little more, from what I understand MIT didn't say much -- I missed that presentation -- they didn't say much about their plans which we're hearing about in other contexts for Kendal I Square and for new projects along Mass. Ave. from Blanch Street And I think because this is the Town down. Gown forum, I think, I'd appreciate a little more from them even though they're planning to come back to you I gather on another occasi on.

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Finally, just on a couple specific points that were brought up, I thank MIT once again for their collaboration with public housi ng. But Washington-Elms, the solar panels, when I hear a lot of talk about the sustainability projects, I just would like to mention that and ask that MIT and Harvard do more of that kind of collaboration with -especially with the Cambridge Housing Authority for -- there are a lot of opportunities in public housing, and other buildings that are managed in the affordable housing portfolio in Cambridge, and I think MIT and Harvard are quick, you know, to help do that.

And the community garden which I think is a neat thing. I know there are people, for example, just as one example who live in public housing who are very eager to explore the opportunities for community gardens on public housing property, and I think there's

an opportunity for collaboration on things
like this community garden that's on -- I get
confused frankly when I walk by and I see
community garden, and I wonder where the
community begins and where it ends. I'd like
to see that community defined to include
people who may not be formally currently
affiliated with Harvard and bring in people
to learn from and share that experience and
vice versa.

And finally, maybe just a complaint.

In the last weeks of snow removal issues, I have noticed that there's a vacant lot that's owned by MIT, if I'm not mistaken, that's on School Street between Pine and Cherry. There are a couple of vacant lots that I think have come up before the Planning Board in the past as areas of interest and concern and future possibility, but the sidewalk on at least one side of that street it wasn't plowed before the most recent snow. I'm sure it hasn't

1 been plowed -- I would be very surprised if 2 it's been plowed as of what happened today. 3 And so I would ask that MIT pay attention to 4 properties that it owns, that it's not 5 currently planning to do anything about, but 6 have sidewalks that people need to get down. 7 Again, that's on School Street between Pine 8 and Cherry and there may be some other 9 locations as well. 10 So, thank you. 11 HUGH RUSSELL: Does anyone el se wi sh 12 to speak? Councillor Reeves, did you wish to 13 speak? 14 COUNCILLOR REEVES: when you have no 15 more public. 16 HUGH RUSSELL: I don't see anyone 17 else with their hand up, so why don't you 18 come forward. 19 COUNCILLOR REEVES: good evening. 20 Ken Reeves from the Cambridge City Council. 21 There was a time -- this is my 22nd year as a

1 member of the Council, and at the beginning 2 of those years every -- well, before this 3 annual report from the colleges and universities -- I think there all maybe -- is 4 5 Cambridge College or University? 6 UNIDENTIFIED MALE: I'm representing 7 Cambridge College. 8 COUNCILLOR REEVES: it's still a 9 col I ege? 10 UNI DENTI FI ED MALE: Yes. 11 COUNCILLOR REEVES: before they came 12 before you once a year, it was essential to 13 attend. And then sometimes you would have 14 four different nights over the tenure of your 15 predecessors, and then come to this format 16 which I think is very good. But I do -- I've 17 come to do what I call sound an alarm for a 18 (inaudible). It's a (inaudible). It's a 19 beautiful piece. But it's about how things 20 have changed. And the Planning Board must 21 know that things have changed and there's no

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real way in the system that we operated in to get the information to you that alarm has been sounded and there's attention that must be paid by you to a variety of things impact the city that you get to plan, much of which has to do with the city's universities and In part because I was reading col I eges. somewhere really a brilliant passage that said that universities by their nature are in And as I think of Harvard and MIT sort. particularly as campuses, as they build, we -- it would be hard pressed to say that the public on Mass. Ave. is invited into MIT or invited from Kendall Square. I hear their dear president is tired of answering the question of where is MIT from people in -coming out of Kendall Square which makes a lot of sense. It's not built that you just get off the subway and see it.

Now, I would say a few things about each so that I'm not picking on any one. But

you do know that Lesley has a bold and wonderful new president who is with us tonight. And Lesley has grown and its transforming Porter Square, and the art school is coming there. And it's hard to say anything but good things about that. And just hopeful that the new buildings will all be strong ones. We buy a use for this because they don't have to come out.

Harvard has been doing many, many things that have such quick value development. I mean, they have no money to do Allston, except the law school couldn't be bigger and the Fogg project couldn't be more complex than probably expensive. So it's difficult to understand, but we do have to observe that, you know, logic may allude what is happening with major universities and common sense sometimes.

Now, MIT is providing a particular number of interesting new things in the ways

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that you may not be as aware of and we weren't very aware of. Much of MIT's real estate holdings, which is a billion plus, is a portfolio that involves Cambridge. And to the extent that the land is owned for investment purposes, it is held with this highest value is how much money can it make? It has no relationship to how much community can it build or how much first floor can it be rented. They can leave first floor retail empty for years if it's -- it's just not of concern to them. And yet but as city makers, we have to be really concerned that the university and the non-universities actually understand they have to engage themselves with the city and what's good for the city. I'll give you an example. At Yale University the vice president that has the community portfolio is also the one that has the development portfolio. At least they know about each other. That is not the case at

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MIT. And, therefore, MIT has had some strong archi tecture which we would have to appliaud, but we have -- really have to wake up that anomalies along Mass. Ave. going toward the campus from Central Square, the first floor of the theatre which I'm hopeful will finally be rented, but it's been a real transgression for us for that to be empty for that long. And there have been many, many tenant possibilities. It's just not -- has not happened. And unfortunately, and this may not be their fault, the true truth is the new Central Square Theatre could have been a much stronger, much more central bigger building to make a place in Central Square. It's now hard to find. And I know the Historical Commission had a lot of historic concerns there, but if you go to somewhere like DC and watch their studio center -- studio theatre in the U Street corridor, you see you could have had something, a wonderful big box that

could have defined an area.

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I won't go on and on and on but I could, but I think there are some things that we're trying to learn. The fact of University Park, any other city would be as happy as could be that that was built. We were happy that it was built. It seems to work for MIT in the land at least it works for a city from a developer from Cleveland in that they get good rents. And it works for the city because we get taxes, but it doesn't work as a people place. Now, my friend Craig Kelly doesn't think as bad as I think. But I defy anybody to believe that that neighborhood sort of belongs to the rest of the neighborhood. It just -- people don't seem to go there unless they have to go there or they're going through there. Can we, through you, not build any more sections of the city that don't work for people? And now there's a new proposal by MIT, they are now

1 -- they're in agreement with Forest City to 2 have them do the all Asian block along Mass. 3 Now we really want that block. Ave. 4 never understood why it was so dead and 5 incoherent. It turns out that they've been 6 assembling parcels, both MIT and Forest City. 7 Now Forest City is the designated developer. Is that good? Forest City's idea is they 8 9 want to bring out more of what's in 10 University Park and put it on Mass. Ave. 11 Well, if it doesn't work back there, what are 12 we going to do on Mass. Ave.? We're trying 13 to do them in the Central Square Ribbon 14 Maybe you should think about Committee. 15 building something that's coherent with Mass. 16 Ave. We also are learning things. Forest City -- I have visited with Susan Forest City 17 18 in DC and the project they have. As you 19 begin to look at their projects around the 20 country, they have sort of developed a 21 building style that looks like University

1 Park. And they do that virtually everywhere 2 They know how because it's cost-effective. 3 to build a cheap building that will give them 4 big rents in a new place. That might not be 5 what we need. So it's important in your 6 roles to understand that we are in a time 7 that we are responding to an Alexandria, to a 8 Forest City, to an MIT investment trust. 9 We're being developed by entities whose 10 bottom line is profit and not people or ease 11 of access. And on the MIT front we have this 12 new proposal that I know came here in 13 December, I never heard of proposals being 14 made that are significant days before 15 Christmas, but it happened. No (inaudible) 16 intent was reputed but it wasn't optimal for 17 the public I would say. And I know that 18 various members of you kind of liked the 19 i dea. Well, we're very concerned, some in 20 policymaking, that the MIT has never done a 21 big project and this is being done through

the real estate end which is not necessarily the place making strength end. And so we're very concerned.

And so the City Council by unanimous vote asked City Manager to please hire a consultant that will work with us specifically on Kendall Square as well as Central Square. And there's also been a consultant hired to work on the Porter Square area, too.

So, the point I'm trying to make is there's a lot going on. A whole lot. And it's in a context with the universities, particularly at Harvard and MIT. We have for some years -- we've also had fractured relationships, then they got better. But never have the offices of government and community affairs known less about the city and the city about those offices. So my proof of that putting it, whoever is the vice president of community relations at MIT, I

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have met her, I do not know her name. The same is true at Harvard. I have met her, I do not know her name. That was never true for most of these 22 years. And scary to me Bob Healy has met them both and he does not know their name. So this is a whole new and different dynamic for -- when we were fractions, at least we visited each other. It seems now that the presidents of Harvard and MIT are in China and India and God knows where else doing whatever they have to do to make their institutions successful (inaudible), but it is not talking to government in Cambridge. I think this is short sided because you don't want to meet people in the midst of the problem. You want to have ongoing good relationships so back and forth can occur.

So I'm hopeful in this year we'll address some of this. I feel like I could overburden you with too much message so I'll

But how

1 But I do want you to know that end there. 2 our -- you don't necessarily get your 3 marching orders from the Manager. 4 Council certainly isn't giving you our 5 message very frequently if we have one 6 And so you're kind of planning a message. 7 city that you know best I guess. 8 this all gets informed for the public is an 9 interesting thing. But the least we can do 10 is come tonight and say, here's some more 11 info for you and do please pay attention. 12 And I don't mean to the Chronicle, but to 13 any -- the Student Daily at MIT, the 14 technician is very good, and as is the 15 But those are places that seem to Cri mson. 16 at least have some idea that things are 17 happening and that they're multiple 18 stakeholders involved and they should be 19 informed. I'm not going to say more than 20 that. 21

Thank you.

1 Thank you very much, HUGH RUSSELL: 2 Councillor Reeves. 3 Councillor Kelly. 4 COUNCI LLOR KELLY: Thank you, 5 My name is Craig Kelly. I live at everyone. 6 16 Dwyer Terrace. We were late this evening 7 because across the street the superintendent 8 of the public schools was proposing his 9 dramatic restructure of the K through 8 10 And consistently he mentioned the program. 11 importance of partnerships between the public 12 schools and every university in Cambridge. 13 He didn't actually mention Cambridge College, 14 but I'm sure that was just an oversight on 15 And then to a real partnership and his part. 16 it's a partnership that I as a public school 17 parent and many others really appreciate what 18 you all on the university side of things do

I guess Lesley is coming out with a

massive three year \$2 million technology

partnership with I believe the (inaudible)

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and then the list just goes on with what you do and it's hugely appreciated.

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On the flip side, it is a little more challenging is what Councillor Reeves was talking about, which is there are a whole bunch of balls up in the air. And honestly I don't know what they all are. I don't know understand what they are. The ones that I know, and I have no clue how they're going to intersect with each other, but MIT is looking to rezone much of Kendall Square. We just got a rezoning proposal -- sorry, much of Kendal I Square. We got a rezoning proposal for the edge of Central Square. Last night I believe Forest City is going to look to rezone, you know, maybe a five parcel part of his property. And I'm sure there are other things that are going on that we don't even know about. And that smacks as I think Councillor Reeves was pointing, at a sort of a hodge-podge of people with very specific

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interests and very good interests from their points of view, and possibly good interests from our point of view, not necessarily all working together. And I don't know who the cheerleader or the team captain for all this stuff winds up being, to some extent it's us on the Council and I think foremost with Councillor Reeves who seems to be the most vocal and active in these things. But I also think perhaps it's the Planning Board. Perhaps it's Community Development which is the department in significant flux right now. They are about to lose their chief zoning person, and they're in search for a replacement full time staff head.

And so in all this stuff is, I don't know, it's a -- it's a vulnerable time I think for the city. And these are huge, huge changes that if we don't think and think very deliberatively about them, what is individually good on its surface for one

1	property owner, one proponent, may wind up
2	not being good for anyone as a whole. So as
3	we go forward a lot of this is yours by
4	the way via Special Permit, and that's what
5	we give you. And I'm not faulting your
6	decisions. I'm just saying that as we go
7	forward, I hope that you can, better than I,
8	keep your eye on this whole picture of
9	Cambridge and especially this whole picture
10	of Cambridge sort of Central Square.
11	Thank you all for the work that you've
12	done. And, again, thank you to the
13	uni versi ti es for the very val uabl e work you
14	do with the public schools.
15	HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you, Councillor
16	Kel I y.
17	COUNCILLOR KELLY: Thank you.
18	COUNCILLOR CHEUNG: Thanks. I think
19	Ken opened the flood gates so now I feel like
20	I have to talk.
21	I'll just say I think, you know, my

1 colleagues speak eloquently and quite 2 passionately about the issues we're facing, 3 but I think I just want to comment because I 4 think, you know, as ultimately and as clearly 5 they don't speak for all of us. I can't of 6 where we disagree, but there's just that, you 7 know, there's a lot of challenges that are going forward. 8 9 I guess what I wanted to say I've been 10 to a lot of the Planning Board --11 Excuse me, can you state AHMED NUR: 12 your name for me? 13 COUNCILLOR CHEUNG: Oh, sorry. 14 Leland Cheung. I'm also a member of the 15 Cambridge City Council. 16 So I've come to a lot of Planning Board 17 meetings and I've witnessed that a group of 18 you are I think very deliberative and take 19 your roles and your responsibilities 20 extremely seriously. And so I just wanted to 21 take the opportunity to thank you for that.

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And I think that I share a lot of your concerns that Councillor Reeves has as opposed to, you know, around the development that's going on in our community and making sure that it is of the, you know, the best that it can possibly be. Because I think that Cambridge residents deserve no Less. And I know that has often come up in the discussions that you've had in deliberating issues, and I just want to thank you and hope that you continue to do that as a lot of these matters go forward. I also, you know, was thinking when Ken -- Councillor Reeves was talking about the need for us to interact with the heads of the universities, I think that is one point which I just want to underline and underscore. That is absolutely critical. With so much going on, it is, it is absolutely imperative we have an abundance of communication, an abundance of dialogue on

both sides. And, you know, we might not

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always agree, we might not always agree on whatever sides that we're on, but the fact that, you know, we need to come to some kind of a conclusion I think just requires that we have a lot of communication.

And one other -- one final thing is the Councillor Reeves was talking about all these projects are coming up, and it's hard to -or sorry, I think it was Councillor Kelly. You don't know all what's going on and what all is happening. And I, you know, I feel that way as well, but I, you know, when I was a student, and I still am a student, but when I was just a student at MIT and Harvard, I kind of felt like I knew what was going on. And then I came to the Council and I realized I had no idea what was going on. I had learned so much more was going on. we're feeling this way now, I think that there's -- underscore the fact that we need to have a lot more communication.

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But that was -- the final point I wanted to make is we're having this dialogue, and we're evaluating and thinking about what the future is going to look like and how we want to have MIT and Harvard and Lesley be a part of that future. We have to understand it's not just the residents of Cambridge and the universities. There's three parts here. There's the residents and the administration which is coming here and making the plans and there's also the students. And the students are often times an unheard voice in these processes. And I think more often than not they have the same interests, they have the same values, and they have the same goals for what they want their role to look like as the residents do. And so I, you know, it's hard to bring them out, but I just think that they are a voice because they are often not here, because they are so in a line with the rest of Cambridge that we need to think about

going forward.

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Thank you.

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HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you.

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RENATA von TSCHARNER: Good evening. My name is Renata von Tscharner. I'm with the Charles River Conservancy. I would like to build on something that you as a Planning Board have done and that the City Manager has initiated, is to look at Cambridge not ending at Memorial Drive but actually Cambridge going all the way to the river. And you represented a plan, a riverfront plan. And in a way I would like to see this meeting not just as a Town Gown meeting, but I would like to include the state property in Cambridge because this is part of -- this is your front This is part of the territory that yard. makes Cambridge wonderful territory, and that provides all the beautiful pictures that are all in your student brochures; the river with the sailing boats, people swimming soon. Al I

that is part of Cambridge.

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So, just as you have listened to the plan of -- the riverfront plan and asked to see of how the Cambridge neighborhoods and university can link to the river, so I would encourage this dialogue between the universities and the city and the ECR that owns that park land, that there really be a dialogue to bring these elements together. Just a little example, Harvard announced this initiative for running and exercising. if you try to do that along the river, it's very dangerous if not impossible. So I think there are possibilities for the city, for the universities to really work together so that we actually can walk or run along the river. Not to speak about swimming and other opportunities, but I would like to expand the Town Gown discussion to these ECR Lands and to the river.

Thank you very much.

1 HUGH RUSSELL: Thank you. 2 Does anyone else wish to be heard? 3 (No Response.) 4 HUGH RUSSELL: Liza, why don't we 5 pass the mic at the end of the table and then 6 if anyone wants to comment and just pass the 7 comment down. Is that too much of a surprise, Bill? 8 9 WILLIAM TIBBS: I was going to say 10 thanks for starting at this end of the table. 11 It was interesting because I had some 12 rather mundane questions to ask you all, but 13 it was Councillor Reeves' comments have made 14 me think in a little bit more broader sense. 15 And that is, you know, as a, you know, we at 16 the Planning Board talk a lot about the fact 17 that we can easily fall into a reactive mode 18 as opposed to a pro-active mode. But I say 19 reactive meaning that we deal with things 20 that are before us, various projects, and we 21 deal with them either on Special Permits or

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And pro-active means that you whatever. begin to look at things in a little bit more comprehensive way. And I think that's the challenge. I can say that I think I was here for the very first one of these Town Gowns presentations we did many years ago, and I guess one of the concerns we had at that time was that sometimes people, and I'll say MIT in particular, had a tendency to be hold things close to their vest and didn't want to talk to us. And I would say that I think one of the things that has vastly improved is that they -- I think all three universities are much more open about what they're thinking about, about what they're doing and what their future plans are. And that brings forth the kinds of challenges that Councillor Reeves brings before us. Because we see all the stuff that's happening. How do we deal with it in a much more comprehensive way as opposed to just an individualistic way of

dealing with each thing? Because, yes, we've seen on some of that stuff. Yes, MIT and Harvard has just in the past come before us to let us know that they're thinking about these things, that you know, they don't need specific action. But when you're dealing with multiple city agencies with quite honestly different agendas sometimes, the City Council you do have a political agenda, which we try to avoid.

COUNCILLOR REEVES: But people's agenda.

WILLIAM TIBBS: People. But I think that is a challenge. And I think it does wrestle with the us as a board, and does with Community Development in terms of how do we sort of see this as a whole? It could be just as simple as we have great maps just beginning to show all of the various things that are on these, in these three different books in terms of planned opportunities on to

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one city map so that we can begin to see how it all flows together and lives together. So I think it is a challenge. And I'll hold some of my more mundane questions until after some of my fellow board members have something to say.

H. THEODORE COHEN: Well, thank you. I really have very little to add although I think the Councillor's comments were really very interesting and very well taken and give us a lot of things to think about. somewhat newer on the board. I've never been at one of these meetings that were particularly antagonistic or I've heard stories of the past when they went on for days and days. But, as someone who did not go to any of the colleges and universities that are here, I have always felt that Cambridge was what it was and is what it is because of the universities and people who come here to go to school and to live and

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work in large measure because of the universities, and that there has to be cooperation amongst all of us. But also, I think the ideas and the enthusiasm that comes out of the different schools and the actual inner plight amongst themselves and with the city is very enlivening and results I hope, and frequently does, in exciting projects and things we may not think about if we were just strictly planning as though we were, you know, a community that didn't have the universities and didn't have this other And so I think we have to think element. about all of these things. But I really enjoy these meetings mostly just to hear what the various plans are and what the schools are doing and what they hope to do. concur, you know, with what Councillor Reeves said, you know, he didn't know a lot of these things until he got on the board and started hearing them. And that's my feeling, too,

that I've learned so much out of these meetings. And I do have some mundane questions that I would like to ask at another time, but I think this has been a great introduction. That, you know, we do what we can do, but ultimately as Council knows, they adopt the zone and they either accept it or reject it. Or modify. And that's all I have to say.

CHARLES STUDEN: While I think it's always very helpful to have these Town Gown presentations and to hear what the individual schools are proposing as well as what they've accomplished in the past year. One of the things that has bothered me for sometime is how you begin to look at the cumulative impacts of what these institutions are doing in Cambridge, and I think that's what Councillor Reeves was beginning to suggest in his comments as well. And it's not only the cumulative impacts of the institutions but

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the private sector development that they also The things that Novartis does and sti mul ate. Genzyme and so on and so forth. For example, MIT has this very exciting proposal to revitalize Kendall Square, but part of that proposal involves potentially adding as much as a million and a half square feet of additional office laboratory retail space. That in the face of an approval that this board gave to Alexandria last year for an additional one and a half million square feet of office and laboratory proposed space on Binney Street. This is an enormous amount of new construction in Cambridge. When you add that to what's going on along Massachusetts Avenue, Lesley's plans for the revitalization of Porter Square, Harvard's Looking at Allston, obviously the Cambridge campus for Harvard has kind of reached its limit I think in terms of its capacity to accommodate significant new development. Most of its

growth is going to have to occur in Allston.

And that is going to depend very heavily on our ability to come up with a transportation scheme or approach that enables us to move a large number of students, faculty, staff and so on across the river and into Cambridge.

That's going to have a very big impact on our transportation system.

I was very troubled to see that the urban ring project seems to be stalled, and it was omitted from the state regional transportation plan. I think that's frankly a real tragedy because it has -- that has the potential to affect the entire regional transportation system. And stuff that, for example, that Harvard's planning to do in Allston as well. And I'm hoping that as resources are made available, that that can be revitalized, go back and take a look at that. So, and, you know, again, I don't know if -- it's hard because the board is asked to

look at these projects individually as the institutions come to us, each of your individual projects, and we don't look at the cumulative impacts. And it often -- I'd like to be able to do that. And I don't know whether the Community Development Department could help us in that regard. I'm personally delighted that they've proposed to hire a consultant to help us look at what's going on in Kendall Square and in Central Square as a result of what -- partly, again, I don't mean to pick on MIT, but what MIT's proposing in terms of development there.

So, I guess any suggestions that my colleagues on the board might have or that the Community Development Department could give us, would be helpful because I think the time has come to really look very hard at those kinds of relationships and issues.

HUGH RUSSELL: The last time the city looked to have comprehensively

cumulative impacts of development or potential development was about ten years ago. And there was a look at -- East Cambridge planning study looked carefully at a lot of underdeveloped land in East Cambridge and tried to see what appropriate amount of development would be given what the constraints were. Constraints on development, and principally in the traffic area capacity of the streets.

Alexandria proposal, that was kind of the baseline that was looked at. How, how did the impacts of what Alexandria was proposing to do measure up against cumulative impacts that would be looked at. And the history of those -- of those eight or so years in advance.

We are in a different period now about looking at the plan to the future. I think the city has largely recognized that our one

foray into urban renewal the major foray in Kendall Square was a difficult process and took a very long time in that in our mode of working with the institutions was to have a good idea for what we wanted for the city, and when an institution came forward with a dynamic idea, we were prepared to respond. I was not on the Planning Board at the time of Urisky Park (phonetic). But that was perhaps the first time, first big time that the institutions had come to the city. MIT came and said we've got a big piece of land in the city and the instituted pulled together to

Now that we're seeing people such as Lesley who say well, we need to change the rules in order to get the art institute incorporated. And Council did look at that and we looked at that, and we agreed that that made sense. And now they're before us with a specific building proposal. I must

promote a development.

1 say I'm troubled by the MIT proposal in 2 3 4 5 6 benefits. 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 want to build. 15 heard. 16 17 18 19 were. 20 21 incorporated into the rezoning.

Kendall Square because it doesn't seem to be based on the notion of the cumulative impacts. It also doesn't seem to be based on the notion of kind of offsetting community It's going to be a terrific soccer field in East Cambridge that is being funded by Alexandria on land that Alexandria has bought, is going to give to the city. There's a community building that's being given to the city. There's new housing being built along with their million and a half square feet of biotech labs that they didn't That's not what -- they do I Opposed to housing, but they didn't want to do it. That got incorporated, and most of those benefits got incorporated because first we had an idea what our goals And secondly, because the City Council worked extremely hard to get those goals

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For us on the Planning Board if you look to that effort and say, wow, Council really got a lot. And in a sense that's appropriate that they be the people who were out there making those deals because they are, they're trying to look at the entire city. All of the elements. They're Looking at a part of the piece of the puzzle. But I don't see any MIT Kendall Square proposals that I've seen to date much that benefits the rest of the city. I see things that are good for MIT and are good for the city in the sense that MIT's an important citizen that are driving many of the good things in the They're paying lots of taxes. ci ty. But at the same time this particular site is sort of surrounded by MIT and the Kendall Square renewal history. So it's hard to think of what the city's goals are. And that's really a lot of thinking about that and probably a lot of talking with you guys on the Council

to really understand that.

I realize I'm not talking about much about what was presented to us, but I think the presentations were excellent. I think the written material is very thorough and I think it's valuable to get all this stuff out on the table and I'm going to pass the microphone.

PAMELA WINTERS: Thanks, Hugh.

Well, I certainly agree with my colleagues and what they've said. I want to thank the Councillors for their comments.

They were very informative. And also for allocating the money for the independent consultants that you have.

In response to Councillor Reeves'
comments, we used to have round table
discussions with the Council, and I found
that to be very useful. I -- hopefully the
Council did, too. And so maybe perhaps we
could do more of that just to know what the

right hand, you know, knows what the left hand is doing? I think that might be a good thing.

As an alum of Lesley and a resident of Porter Square, I'm really looking forward to the art institute coming into my neighborhood and what that will bring to the neighborhood in terms of culture and energy. I'm really looking forward to that.

And finally, I have to say once again -- I've said this frequently, but I really love the media lab at MIT. I'm so happy after ten years that it was completed. The Maki building is just a little gem, and the work that goes on in there is where the magic happens. It's just so impressive. And I'm really looking forward to the opening of the cancer research building, too.

Thank you very much.

AHMED NUR: All right. I guess I wanted to thank all these people to being

here first of all in this weather. As I must say, I was almost shocked it wasn't canceled. But I'm glad that we all made it obviously. And I wanted to say I really appreciate the Congratulations to Harvard for adding a platinum building, a new construction for platinum and eight gold. I'd like to see more of that in the future. that renewable energy sustainability. And to see if you all could lead the way the house power of your own energy sources. That would

You mentioned, Harvard mentioned 60 percent of hot water feeding off the solar. Is that -- I missed the year. Was that when the next ten years? Is that something that

We started it -- it's per year. It's 60 percent of the hot

> Right. You started AHMED NUR:

1	that
2	HUGH RUSSELL: For Harvard Yard?
3	HEATHER HENDRICKSON: Yes, for
4	Harvard Yard.
5	AHMED NUR: For Harvard Yard. I was
6	going to say, wow, that's great.
7	HEATHER HENDRICKSON: No. It's
8	probably about 25 buildings.
9	AHMED NUR: Okay.
10	HEATHER HENDRICKSON: So it's pretty
11	substanti al .
12	AHMED NUR: Okay. And 40 percent
13	for steam? Harvard Yard? And that's all
14	coming from solar power.
15	HEATHER HENDRICKSON: It's actually
16	solar and there's steam heat recovery. So
17	it's actually about 40 percent is from the
18	new system, and about 60 percent is from the
19	steam heat recovery. So it's kind of the
20	innovation of the combination of the solar
21	thermal with the steam heat recovery.

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AHMED NUR: Thank you. And second comment that I wanted to make was Councillor Reeves' comment with regards to the first floor to the public at MIT or any other institution, not really caring about the income, but we're all here to represent the community. I have kids, and I have to say that two buildings between Porter Square and MIT that are very popular in my family is dance complex or the Jose Mateos's ballet bui I di ng. We have all these buildings, I drive every day, first floor availability, you know, places that are for rent and for lease for years, and where the surrounding community has to travel to -- furthest to do So if I'm just going to put it out it. If there's anything that the city can do or the institutions can do to utilize that and help the community, it would be much appreciated. And I also wanted to thank your involvement with the children. You know, all

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institutions obviously as Councillor Kelley has mentioned helping out the schools.

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And I forgot the gentleman's name about the snow removal. There's a lot of snow out there. There's just a lot of snow out there. So institutions, universities have to clean-up the sidewalks regardless, you know.

And the last thing was Renata with the Charles Conservancy, I noticed yesterday a foot track -- little steps crossing the river and along the river. With all these cancellations in the airports, I was wondered if there was an incident with people falling Because there's no in the river. guardrails -- I wonder, you know, if most of urban rivers would have guardrails, short quardrails for times like this where you can't tell where the water starts or whether this is a river or not. It's just something that came in my mind as I drive Memorial Drive and seeing people just walking across,

1 you know. Luckily it was frozen.

Thank you.

THOMAS ANNINGER: Okay. I guess I'm the last one here. I guess after the three presentations as I see it, it was Councillor Reeves who sort of was the keynote comment maker and I guess that made me think this way:

Yes, there's a lot going on. A tremendous amount. And I think that all of us are vigilant on the Board. And I in particular and others have expressed reservations on various proposals that we see before us. Particularly I was skeptical about what we saw from MIT at Kendall Square. And I think we do that. And I think we do that carefully. But my reaction actually to what Councillor Reeves said was almost just the opposite in this respect. I got the feeling in listening to these three presentations that the schools in a sense

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would compete almost with each other in terms of the architecture, in terms of the landscaping. We've never really had a moment in time when each and every institution is doing as much landscaping as they now are.

And in sustainability. I mean, you heard the last speaker, the person's who's head of sustainability at Harvard wanting to be the best. Wanting to have more of this and more of that than any of the others. It's actually quite amusing. And the others are responding to that. And so I feel on the one hand that we do have to be vigilant and we do have to be careful, but I do think we have to rejoice at the fact that we perhaps are living in a golden age. And it's an embarrassment of riches that we have here in Cambridge in the middle of a time of great hardship for the rest of the country. almost in a bubble here in Cambridge, and we have to be careful as we live in that, not to

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lose it, but I think we ought to end on a note of almost rejoice, rejoicement if that's a word over what we've got and what we saw here tonight.

PAMELA WINTERS: Good point, Tom.

HUGH RUSSELL: So, does that sum it
up?

WILLIAM TIBBS: If what I heard on the radio this afternoon is true, that the consultant that the city is getting that you mentioned is actually going to help with the And I think that -- and what I've, what I think of MIT's proposal, it's a I mean, it's a vision that's very vi si on. MIT kind of focussed and oriented. And so L think that hopefully, that's the other thing, is that we as a city should be thinking more in terms of what is the vision which includes the visions of universities and how we all work together. And I think if we can do that, that's a very positive thing to do.

1	HUGH RUSSELL: Okay. Well, I thank
2	you all for attending. And we'll be here a
3	year from now and have further discussion.
4	Good ni ght, thank you.
5	(Whereupon, at 9:20 p.m., the
6	meeti ng adjourned.)
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9	I further certify that the testimony hereinbefore set forth is a true and accurate
10	transcription of my stenographic notes to the best of my knowledge, skill and ability.
11	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 25th day of February 2011.
12	my hand this 20th day of 1 colladily 2011.
13	
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15	Certi fi ed Shorthand Reporter Li cense No. 147703
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17	April 23, 2015
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